



# Experimental and Modeling Investigation on Structure H Hydrate Formation Kinetics

**Masoumeh. Seyfi Mazraehno<sup>1</sup>, Farshad. Varaminian<sup>\*1</sup>, Mohsen. Vafaei Sefti<sup>2</sup> and Shahin. Khosharay<sup>1</sup>**

1- School of Chemical, Gas and Petroleum Engineering, Semnan University, Semnan, Iran.

2- School of Chemical Engineering, Tarbiat Modares University, Tehran, Iran.

\*Corresponding Author's E-mail: fvaraminian@semnan.ac.ir

## Abstract

In the current work, the kinetics of crystal H hydrate formation is modeled by using the chemical affinity model. The experiments were performed at constant temperatures of 274.15, 275.15, 275.65, 276.15 and 277.15 K. Methylcyclopentane (MCP) is used as sH former and methane is used as a help gas. The parameters of model ( $A_r$  and  $t_K$ ) are determined and the results show that the parameter of  $A_r/RT$  has a constant value at the first step and a different value at second step. These parameters were used to predicting experimental data. The results indicate that this model can predict experimental data very well at several conditions.

**Keywords:** Chemical affinity; Crystal H; Methylcyclopentane; Formation kinetics; Gas hydrate

## Research Highlights

The kinetics study of sH with MCP (for the first time)

Kinetic modeling of structure H with MCP

Using the thermodynamic driving force for kinetic modeling