



Some properties Sturm-Liouville problem with fractional derivative

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Abstract

In this paper we establish the properties of Fractional singular Sturm-Liouville problem. Our main issue is to investigate the spectral properties for the operator. Furthermore, we prove new results according to the fractional Sturm-Liouville problem.

Keywords: Fractional Sturm-Liouville problem, Riemann-Liouville derivatives, eigenvalues and eigenfunctions

Mathematics Subject Classification [2010]: 34B24 ,34B40

1 Introduction

We consider the following SturmLiouville problem with factional derivative in the leading term

$$\begin{cases} -{}^c D_{0+}^\alpha u(t) + q(t)u(t) = \lambda u(t), & 0 < t < 1, \\ u(0) = u(1) = 0, & \alpha \in (1, 2) \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

Definition 1.1. [2] (RiemannLiouville fractional integrals) We define the left and the RiemannLiouville fractional integrals by

$$I_{0+}^\alpha f(t) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_0^t (t-s)^{\alpha-1} f(s) ds,$$

where $\Gamma(\cdot)$ is the Euler gamma function.

Definition 1.2. [2] The Riemann-Liouville fractional derivative of order $\alpha > 0$, $n - 1 < \alpha < n$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$ is defined as

$${}^c D_{0+}^\alpha f(t) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(n-\alpha)} \int_0^t (t-s)^{n-\alpha-1} f^{(n)}(s) ds,$$

where the function $f(t)$ have absolutely continuous derivatives up to order $(n - 1)$.

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