



A unified approach to the asymptotic almost-equivalence of evolution systems without Lipschitz conditions

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ABSTRACT

We study the asymptotic behavior of almost-orbits of evolution systems in Banach spaces without any continuity assumptions on either the space or the time dependence. We establish, in a unified framework, standard convergence, ergodic convergence and almost-convergence of almost-orbits for both the weak and the strong topologies on the basis of the analogue behavior of orbits.

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1. Introduction and preliminaries

Let C be a nonempty Borel subset of a Banach space $(X, \|\cdot\|)$. An *evolution system* on C is a two-parameter family $U = \{U(t, s) \mid t \geq s \geq 0\}$ of possibly nonlinear maps from C into itself satisfying:

- (i) $\forall t \geq 0, \forall x \in C, U(t, t)x = x.$
- (ii) $\forall t \geq s \geq r \geq 0, \forall x \in C, U(t, s)U(s, r)x = U(t, r)x.$

The evolution system U is *Lipschitz* if there exists a constant $L > 0$ such that $\|U(t, s)x - U(t, s)y\| \leq L\|x - y\|$ for all $t \geq s \geq 0, x, y \in C$. An operator semigroup $T = \{T(t)\}$ defines an *autonomous* evolution system via $U(t, s) = T(t - s)$.

An *orbit* of U is a function $u : [0, \infty) \rightarrow C$ such that

$$\forall t \geq 0, \forall h \geq 0, \quad u(t + h) = U(t + h, t)u(t).$$

More generally, a function $u \in L_{loc}^\infty(0, \infty; C)$ is an *almost-orbit* of U if

$$\limsup_{t \rightarrow \infty} \sup_{h \geq 0} \|u(t + h) - U(t + h, t)u(t)\| = 0. \quad (1)$$

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