



# Existence and uniqueness of a solution for a two dimensional nonlinear inverse diffusion problem

M. Abtahi<sup>a</sup>, R. Pourgholi<sup>a,\*</sup>, A. Shidfar<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> School of Mathematics and Computer Science, Damghan University of Basic Sciences, Damghan, Iran

<sup>b</sup> School of Mathematics, Iran University of Science and Technology, Narmak, Tehran-16, Iran

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## ABSTRACT

The problem of identifying the coefficient in a square porous medium is considered. It is shown that under certain conditions of data  $f$ ,  $g$ , and for a properly specified class  $\mathcal{A}$  of admissible coefficients, there exists at least one  $a \in \mathcal{A}$  such that  $(a, u)$  is a solution of the corresponding inverse problem.

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## 1. Introduction

For  $Q_T = \Omega \times (0, T)$ , a domain in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ , where  $\Omega = (0, 1) \times (0, 1)$  is the open unit square in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , and  $T > 0$ , we consider the following nonlinear diffusion problem

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[ a(u) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[ a(u) \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right] \quad \text{in } Q_T, \quad (1.1a)$$

$$u(x, y, 0) = 0, \quad (x, y) \in \overline{\Omega} \quad (1.1b)$$

$$-a(u(0, y, t)) \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(0, y, t) = g(y, t), \quad y \in [0, 1], \quad t \in [0, T], \quad (1.1c)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(1, y, t) = 0, \quad y \in [0, 1], \quad t \in [0, T], \quad (1.1d)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}(x, 0, t) = 0, \quad x \in [0, 1], \quad t \in [0, T], \quad (1.1e)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}(x, 1, t) = 0, \quad x \in [0, 1], \quad t \in [0, T], \quad (1.1f)$$

$$u(0, y, t) = f(y, t), \quad y \in [0, 1], \quad t \in [0, T], \quad (1.1g)$$

where  $g(y, t)$  and  $f(y, t)$  are known functions and  $a(u)$  and  $u(x, y, t)$  are unknown functions.

\* Corresponding author. Tel.: +98 2325233051; fax: +98 2325235316.

E-mail addresses: [abtahi@dubs.ac.ir](mailto:abtahi@dubs.ac.ir) (M. Abtahi), [pourgholi@dubs.ac.ir](mailto:pourgholi@dubs.ac.ir), [Pourgholi@du.ac.ir](mailto:Pourgholi@du.ac.ir) (R. Pourgholi), [shidfar@iust.ac.ir](mailto:shidfar@iust.ac.ir) (A. Shidfar).