

Hydrogen Cyanide Production due to Mid-Size Impacts in a Redox-Neutral N₂-Rich Atmosphere

Kosuke Kurosawa · Seiji Sugita · Ko Ishibashi · Sunao Hasegawa · Yasuhito Sekine · Nanako O. Ogawa · Toshihiko Kadono · Sohsuke Ohno · Naohiko Ohkouchi · Yoichi Nagaoka · Takafumi Matsui

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Abstract Cyanide compounds are amongst the most important molecules of the origin of life. Here, we demonstrate the importance of mid-size (0.1–1 km in diameter) hence frequent meteoritic impacts to the cyanide inventory on the early Earth. Subsequent aerodynamic ablation and chemical reactions with the ambient atmosphere after oblique impacts were investigated by both impact and laser experiments. A polycarbonate projectile and graphite were used as laboratory analogs of meteoritic

K. Kurosawa · K. Ishibashi · S. Ohno · Y. Nagaoka · T. Matsui
Planetary Exploration Research Center, Chiba Institute of Technology, 2-17-1, Tsudanuma, Narashino,
Chiba 275-0016, Japan

K. Ishibashi
e-mail: ko.ishibashi@perc.it-chiba.ac.jp

S. Ohno
e-mail: ohno@perc.it-chiba.ac.jp

Y. Nagaoka
e-mail: yoichi.nagaoka@perc.it-chiba.ac.jp

T. Matsui
e-mail: matsui@perc.it-chiba.ac.jp

S. Sugita · Y. Sekine
Department of Complexity Science and Engineering, The University of Tokyo, 5-1-5, Kashiwanoha,
Kashiwa, Chiba 277-8561, Japan

S. Sugita
e-mail: sugita@k.u-tokyo.ac.jp

Y. Sekine
e-mail: sekine@k.u-tokyo.ac.jp

S. Hasegawa
Institute of Space and Astronautical Science, Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency, 3-1-1, Yoshinodai,
Chuo-ku, Sagami-hara, Kanagawa 252-5210, Japan
e-mail: hasehase@isas.jaxa.jp